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Stockholm, June 14.

ON Wednesday last the King of Sweden set out on his Journey to Scania, where it is said that Prince William his Brother is to meet him. His Swedish Majesty's Retinue is but small, consisting only in the Ministers of his Hessian Chancery, and of M. Wiebel the Grand Chambellan, M. Fleetwood the Under Grand Veneur, M. Browman one of the Under Marshals of the Court, and M. Callain his Swedish Majesty's Aid de Camp.

Stockholm, June 18. Mr. Guy Dickens, his Britannick Majesty's Minister at this Court, having presented a Memorial to the King of Sweden, complaining of the Capture of some English Vessels in the Baltick by one Dagener, an Express has been sent to Sandham, where he had put in, with Orders to seize him and to secure the Ships he had taken, if still there, and if he should have sailed before these Orders arrived, the Swedish Ministers at Copenhagen, Petersbourg and Berlin, will be instructed by this Evening's Post to make the like Requisition at the respective Courts where they reside, in case Dagener should come into any Port belonging to those Powers.

Naples, June 15, *N. S.* On the 9th sailed from this Port two Gallies to cruize Westward: The King's Frigate is on its Departure for Tripoli, conducting there a Cargo of Corn, which the King sends as a Present to that Regency, and a Tripoline Row-Boat, which lately on her Cruise on the Coast of Naples was taken by the King's Guarde Coast, is now restored, agreeable to the Peace lately concluded between his Majesty and that Bey. By the Computation lately made in Apuglia, by the King's Directions, the Sheep, that by the extraordinary frosty Weather were destroyed in that Province, amounts to upwards of 450,000.

Rome, June 19. The Neapolitan and Spanish Troops at Viterbo, are almost all removed thence to Orbitello, in order to embark there for Genoa on board a large Number of Transports already assembled on the Coast for that Purpose. There remains at Viterbo their Hospital and Invalids; and large Parties of Recruits and Troops of Horse daily join them from Naples through the Ecclesiastical State. It is currently reported about this City, that the Republick of Genoa has concluded, and since the beginning of June signed a Treaty of Alliance with the Court of Spain.

Genoa, June 19, *N. S.* On the 13th Instant a General Muster was made of the Army commanded by the Duke of Modena and M. de Gages, which does not exceed 11800 Men. Five Days ago two Neapolitan Barks arrived on this Coast with 1800 Barrels of Powder from Naples, which have since been escorted by 500 Spanish Foot, and lodged in the Lazaretto, from whence they have been sent in small Boats and landed in San Pier d'Arena; and two Days ago arrived two large Barks at Porto Fino, laden with Artillery and Stores for the Spanish Army, being Part of the Convoy which arrived at Calvi in Corsica. Letters of the 15th from St. Remo advise the Arrival there of the Spanish Guards de Corps and Horse Grenadiers, who were to continue there until they had consumed what Forage was left. The 14th arrived there the military Chest, (said to be 250000 Pistoles) escorted by the Merida Regiment of dismounted Dragoons, who were to proceed the 16th to join the Army at Alburga. Twenty Battalions of French Infantry had passed by in their Way thither, and were to be followed by thirty Squadrons of Horse, which had began to arrive at Nice. Lieutenant General Schulenberg has taken upon him the Command of the Austrian Army, and changed the Scheme which Prince Lob-

(Price Four-Pence.)

Lobcowitz had of entring into the Paveſan State, and advanced with ten Regiments of Infantry and ſix Regiments of Cavalry within three Miles of Novi. He has ſent a Detachment of 1500 Foot to cover the Paſs of Seravalle, within one Mile of Gair, and 2000 have been detached into the Lomellino. Upon the Advices received of the Auſtrians having entred this State, M. Gages gave Orders that a Detachment of 1000 Foot ſhould march to reinforce the advanced Guards of the Spaniſh Army on the Bochetto. Two Days ago M. Joſt, Colonel of a Regiment of Swiſs in the Republick's Service, with his Son, Nephew, Major, and a Lieutenant, were all arreſted and committed to the Tower; the true Motive of their Impriſonment is not known, but ſaid to be for holding a treaſonable Correſpondence with M. de Gages, and a Deſign to deſert with a whole Regiment to enter into the Spaniſh Service. Letters from Gibraltar of the 14th of May, O. S. adviſe, that the Engliſh Fleet was in Sight of that Place ſteering towards Tangiers, and ſuppoſed were going thither for Supplies of Water and Cattle. The Deputies which were ſent by the Republick to compliment the Infant Don Philip are returned, having been received by him with great Politeneſs; after an Audience given them of two Hours, they were detained and dined with him; the next Day they went to take their Leave, when he accompanied them to the Beach where they were to embark. Upon the Advice which the Republick received of the Germans being on the Confines and having entred into this State, a private Council was held, at the breaking up of which the Gates were opened, and Marquis Brignole, with Count de Cæcil, ſet out for the Head Quarters of the Spaniards, where they were in Conference with M. de Gages upwards of four Hours, to ſolicite him to advance with a Body of Troops ſufficient to impede the Auſtrians from entring farther into the State, and to ſecure the Magazines and Forage, which has been demanded by Lieutenant General Schulenberg; and this Day another Detachment of 3000 Infantry has been ſent by him to reinforce the advanced Guards, and more effectually to ſecure the Paſſes. Laſt Night the firſt Column of Spaniſh Cavalry, deſigned to reinforce M. de Gages, arrived at Savona; it conſiſts of 1000 Dragoons, and is to be followed by a ſecond of the like Number, and 1500 or 2000 Foot.

Florence, June 22. By the laſt Letters from Lombardy, the Auſtrian Army, conſiſting of about 25000 Men, under the Command of General Schulenberg, marched on the 12th from the Neighbourhood of Pavia croſs the Po by Voghera and Tortona to Novi, in the State of Genoa, where they were to arrive on the 17th, and be joined by ſeven Battalions of Foot and two Regiments of Horſe of the King of Sardinia's Troops, with a View to oppoſe any Attempt of the Enemy to penetrate into Lombardy. The Spaniſh and Neapolitan Troops under the Duke of Modena and M. de Gages, continue in the Neigbourhood of Genoa, extremely deſtitute of Forage and other Neceſſaries, principally on Account of the great Vigilance and Care of the Britiſh Ships of War on that Coaſt. The five Tranſport Veſſels, with 600 Walloon Guards on board, continue in the Port of Leghorne, not daring to venture out: Many other Tranſports with Troops, Proviſions, Artillery, Ammunition, &c. from Naples and Orbitello, have taken Refuge at Porto Longone, Vada, Caſtiglione, &c. to avoid falling amongſt the Britiſh Ships of War on the Coaſt of Tuſcany, on which Account, Orders have been countermanded for the Embarkation of the Troops at Orbitello.

Venice, June 25. Don Philip is encamped in the Plains of Albenga, with his Left towards Final, and has his Rear ſupported by 14 Battalions of French Infantry, and 3000 Horſe. M. de Gages has his Piquet in the Bochetto, which he has lately reinforced with 1000 Men, upon the Approach of the Auſtrians to the Genoeſe State. At a late Review of his Army, it was found to amount to only 11800 Men, excluſive of Officers. On Saturday laſt the 18th, at Six in the Morning, two Squadrons of Horſe, and ſeveral Battalions of Piemonteſe Infantry, entered the Town of Novi, belonging to the Genoeſe, and other Troops were defiling towards Gavi. General Schulenberg has taken the Command of the Auſtrian Army, which is marched towards the Tortoneſe and the Valley of Scrivia; Part are ſaid to have actually entred the Genoeſe Territories. According to the French Project, the Armies are to endeavour to penetrate by three different Ways, viz. M. de Gages into the Tortoneſe; M. de Caſtellar into the Aleſſandrino and Montferrat; and the French by Jaorgio, Breglio, and the Colle di Tende. This is oppoſed by the Spaniards, who are for forming one powerful Body of the three Armies; but it will be probably ſome Time before they will be in a Condition to attempt either of theſe Schemes, for Want of Artillery and Ammunition. The Embarkation of Cannon from Naples has been obliged to put into Calvi in Corſica, where it is ſaid to be blocked up by ſome Engliſh Men of War; they have lately taken a great many Prizes, having ſent into Leghorn above 30 Veſſels laden with Corn and Proviſions for Genoa.

Journal of the Saxon Auxiliary Army in Bohemia, from the 22d to the 27th of June, N. S. dated from the Head Quarters at Johannisberg near Konigingratz.

UPON the 22d of June the Combined Army continued in their Camp near Konigingratz. We learnt that the Pruſſian Detachment, conſiſting of between 8 and 10,000 Men, which had

had appeared oppoſite to us laſt Night, had been reconnoitring the Ground and our Poſition, and that the King was with them. The Pruſſian Camp is near a little Village called Kralowalhota in the Neighbourhood of Opotſchna, and we can eaſily diſcern Part of it. In the Afternoon Prince Charles, having obſerved that the Pruſſians had left ſome Men in a Mill upon the Alder which runs by our Front, ordered a Party to paſs that River, which they accordingly did and diſlodged the Pruſſians. Thereupon the Enemy ſent a Reinforcement from their Camp which was very near, and they fired ſeveral Pieces of Cannon upon our Men, but they kept Poſſeſſion of the Mill, and we have ſince poſted a Body of Auſtrians there. In the Night the Left Wing of the Pruſſians began to cannonade the Right Wing of the Auſtrians, who returned the Fire: This laſted ſome Time without doing any great Execution, however the whole Army remained under Arms all Night; but after the cannonading had ceaſed, every thing was quiet on both Sides. Nevertheleſs, by way of Precaution, the great Baggage of the Army was ſent to Tiniſcht, about three Leagues from hence.

Upon the 23d the Duke detached a Pulk of Tartars, with ſix Squadrons of Horſe, and 300 Foot, towards Kolin, where the Corps under Major General Moringer, conſiſting of eleven Squadrons of Light-Horſe, and two Pulks of Tartars, had alſo Orders to poſt themſelves, upon the Pruſſians having paſſed the Elbe with 16 Squadrons at Schmirſchiz. On the other Side, General Nadaſti is poſted towards Opotſchna, in order to have an Eye upon any Attempts of the Enemy againſt Moravia.

Upon the 24th every thing was quiet in our Camp. The Pruſſians alſo ſeemed to remain in their old Poſition near Kralowalhota, their Right extending to Libniz and their Left to Prohuſlawiz. This Day the 16 Squadrons which they had ſent over the Elbe, repaſſed that River, and the Troops which they had poſted before their Left Wing on the Side of Hohenbruck, were ordered back.

Upon the 25th, halted. We had this Day ſeveral Accounts that the Pruſſians had changed their Poſition, and that their Right was turned towards Konigingratz, and their Left towards Politz, which is between Opotſchna and Dobruska: Thereupon General Nadaſti's Corps, conſiſting of three Regiments of Huſſars, 100 Horſe, two Battalions of Infantry, five Companies of Carlſtadiens, and two Pulks of our Tartars, advanced towards Albrechtiowa near Tiniſcht, to obſerve them. The Enemy cauſed 1000 Huſſars, ſome Horſe, and 2000 Foot to advance on this Side Opotſchna, who Yeſterday attack'd the Uhlan Colonel near that Town. His Pulk kept their Ground a long while, and were expoſed to ſeveral ſmart Fires, but upon account of the Superiority of the Enemy, were at laſt obliged to retire.

Upon the 26th, halted. A Party of our Men who had been out a foraging, met with a Pruſſian Detachment, but nothing was done on either Side.

Upon the 27th we had repeated Accounts from Deſerters, that the King of Pruſſia had detached ſeveral Regiments into Sileſia to oppoſe the Inſurgents, who continue their Incurſions with great Succeſs. Several Troops of Pruſſian Huſſars appeared oppoſite to our Left Wing, in order to diſturb our Foragers, but nothing of Moment paſſed, and each Side returned into their reſpective Camp. That of the Pruſſians advanced nearer to us, and we can eaſily diſtinguiſh the Diſtribution they have made. Their two Wings are covered by Woods, and the ſecond Line is poſted upon an Eminence behind the firſt, which is encamped in the Valley below. In this Poſition they are poſted directly oppoſite to our Camp, at the Diſtance of one League only, and ſeparated by the little River Alder, and the Bogs which ſurround us. The Loſs, which we ſuſtain'd upon the 21ſt Inſtant, by the Death of Lieutenant General Durfeld, of his Wounds, is made up to us by the Recovery of the other Generals, who now begin to be in a Capacity to do Duty; and the greateſt Part of the common Men who were ſick are upon the mending Hand. We have all Kinds of Proviſions in great Plenty, and the furtheſt Place that we are oblig'd to get Forage from is not above an Hour's Diſtance.

Journal of the Saxon Auxiliary Army, from the 28th of June to the 1ſt of July, N. S. dated from the Head Quarters at Johannisberg near Konigingratz.

UPON the 28th of June the Combined Army continued in their old Camp near Konigingratz. At Break of Day we perceiv'd that the Right Wing of the Pruſſians had made a Motion in order to approach nearer to the ſaid Town. Several Advices which came in about Noon brought Confirmations thereof, with this Addition, that the main Body of the Pruſſian Army was camped between Librzyc and Czernielow, and that it was only a detached Corps that had advanced towards Konigingratz, and that beſides they had abandoned the Town of Opotſchna. This was confirmed to us by a Deſerter who had found Means to eſcape the ſame Day. He further depoſed, that the Wood, which is in the Enemy's Front, was lined with Cannon, and that they intended to ſet Fire to the Village of Siviniary, which they had quitted ſome Days, and to burn the Mill. The Advices which we received of the King of Pruſſia's having

having ſent a Detachment into Sileſia, were alſo confirmed. This Detachment conſiſted of four Regiments of Foot, two of Horſe, and one Regiment of Huſſars, and this Day it paſſed by Lewin and Reinertz.

Upon the 29th, halted. Major General Harſch, of the Auſtrians, ſet out this Day for Hohenbruck, in order to confer there with Major General Goltz of the Pruſſians, upon the Method to be obſerved with Regard to the Exchange of Priſoners.

One of the three Pulks of our Tartars, who are poſted on the other Side the Elbe from Brzicza to Neckaniz, having been betrayed by the Peaſants, the King of Pruſſia detached 300 of Poſadowski's Dragoons, with 400 of Ziechen's Huſſars, in order to attack four of their Colours which were in the ſaid Village, but the other Pulks coming up to their Aſſiſtance, the Pruſſians were ſo well received, that after having left above 90 dead upon the Spot, amongſt whom are ſeveral Officers, they were obliged to retire with great Precipitation to their Camp, and we made 30 of them Priſoners. The Uhlans only loſt 10 Men, and had 20 wounded.

This Day a conſiderable Train of Artillery arrived here from Saxony, which was placed in the Park about Noon. Prince Charles alſo received a like Train. A Courier from Berlin, with Diſpatches for the King of Pruſſia, was taken by an Auſtrian Partiſan on the Side of Braunau, at the Back of their Camp.

Upon the 30th in the Morning, the Pruſſians attempted to execute the Deſign which they had formed of burning the Village of Siviniary: They threw ſeveral Fire-pots, and ſome red-hot Bullets into the Town from a Battery they had erected upon a neighbouring Aſcent, but without Effect, for neither was the Town ſet on Fire, nor could they diſlodge the Auſtrians which were poſted there, ſo that their Project of getting Poſſeſſion thereof, in order to facilitate their throwing Bridges over the River there, which is exactly in our Front, was entirely diſconcerted. Prince Charles of Lorrain came to the Duke's Quarters, accompanied by ſeveral General Officers, and a Council of War was held in their Preſence, at which all the Generals of the Allied Army aſſiſted, in order to deliberate upon the preſent Circumſtances of Affairs.

Upon the 1ſt of July the Pruſſians embarked 20 Chaſſeurs, who were to paſs the Elbe and carry off an Auſtrian Officer who was poſted on this Side the River with a few Men: This Officer upon their Approach fired at them, killed eight and the Officer who commanded them, the reſt ſaved themſelves, and the Body of the Officer was ſent back to the King of Pruſſia upon the Demand which he made, in order to be interred.

Vienna, June 30, *N. S.* The Great Duke ſet out Yeſterday, and propoſes to be at Wurtzburg on Friday or Saturday next. Prince Lobcowitz ſets out as this Day for the Army in Bohemia, whither the Generals Styrum, Damnitz, and Hagenbach are ſaid to be ordered. The King of Pruſſia having lately made an Attempt from Schmirſchitz, much like his more ſucceſful one at Strigau, to ſurprize the combined Army upon the Elbe and the Adler at Konigingratz, retired at ſeeing the good Countenance of the latter, and after having made a ſmart Cannonade. Prince Charles's Head Quarters are at Wyſſoka, much nearer to Konigingratz than to Pardubitz, and the Situation of the Combined Army is ſuch from the Elbe to the Mountains, with Konigingratz and the Adler before them, as not to have any thing to fear, as is ſaid, till ſuch Time as they ſhall think proper themſelves to ſeek the Enemy. The following is a Liſt of the Military Promotions in the Auſtrian Service.

INFANTRY.

Generals of the Artillery.

Wallis,
Bota,
Damnitz,
Chanclos,
Daun,
Prince Salm,
Brown,
Schullenbourg.

Lieutenant Field Marſhals.

Helf Reich,
Tungern,
Keil.

Major Generals.

Wezl,
Maruli,
Min. Stahremberg,
Wrumbrand,
Eberfeld,
Cuias,
Coſa,
St. André,
Sincere,
Gabriani,
Ereſch.

CAVALRY.

General.

Salabourg.

Lieutenant

Lieutenant Field Marſhals.

D'Olonne,
Luchefi,
Defin.

Major Generals.

Bened. Daun,
Ratikoti,
Soyer,
Kollowrath,
Oſtein.

The Regiment of Thungen given to General Andlau.

Journal of the Army under the Marſhals Traun and Bathiani, from the 1ſt to the 4th of July, N. S.

July 1. BOth Armies decamped and marched to Gelenhauſen, where the Head Quarters were fixed. The Army under Marſhal Traun took the Right, and that under Marſhal Bathiani the Left. Ten Squadrons and nine Battalions of Hanoverians were in the firſt Line, and two Regiments of Horſe and ſix Battalions were in the ſecond. This Day Lieutenant General Baroniay advanced to Langen-Sebold.

July 2, 3, and 4. On theſe Days the Army halted. We had Advice that the Enemy ſtill keep ſome Troops at Aſchaffenburg; that their main Body is encamped from Steinheim towards Offenbach; that they have garriſoned Hoecht; that they continue with all Diligence to erect ſeveral Works and Retrenchments; that the two Bridges there are now perfected; and that in order to fortify their Camp, they are drawing a double Line from Hoecht towards the Eminencies. Upon the 3d, a Party of Croats ſwam through the Mayne, and carried off a conſiderable Quantity of Linnen belonging to the Enemy. Upon the 4th we had Intelligences which confirmed all the above Accounts. Tomorrow the Armies will march in Order of Battle towards Langen-Sebold. The Troops are in very good Condition, well diſciplined and compleat, and may be depended upon.

Hague, July 13, *N. S.* Letters from the Allied Army in the Netherlands of the 11th Inſtant, bring Advice, that it was ſtill unattacked by the French, but that it had made a Motion towards the Right to Meerbeek, where the Head Quarters then were; and were to march the next Day to Aloſt. On the 9th there had happened a ſmart Action between a Detachment, which General Molck and Brigadier Bligh were conducting to throw into Ghent, and a Part of the French Army. General Molck had forced his Way through the Enemy with the Cavalry, and was got into Ghent; but Brigadier Bligh, with the Infantry, had been obliged to make for Dendermonde. The Enemy is ſaid to have ſuffered moſt in this Action.

Wine Licence Office, July 6, 1745.

All Perſons owing or engaged for Arrears of Rent for Wine Licences, or whoſe Licenſes are expired, are hereby required to take Notice, that unleſs they pay off their ſaid Arrears, and renew their ſaid Licences, they will be forthwith proſecuted for the ſame. And whereas his Majeſty's Commiſſioners for granting Wine Licences have received certain Information of divers Perſons preſuming to retail Wine without Licenſe, and to whom Letters have been ſent advertiſing them of the Penalties incurred thereby; This is therefore to acquaint all ſuch Perſons, that unleſs they ſpeedily apply themſelves to the ſaid Commiſſioners, the Laws in that Caſe made and provided will be forthwith put in Execution.

Hackney Coach Office, July 5, 1745.

The Commiſſioners for Hackney Coaches hereby give Notice, that purſuant to an Act of Parliament paſſed the laſt Seſſion of Parliament, intitled, "An Act to repeal "a Clauſe in an Act made in the Third Year of the "Reign of King William and Queen Mary, relating to "Carts uſed by Perſons inhabiting within the Limits "of the Weekly Bills of Mortality, and to allow ſuch "Carts to be drawn with three Horſes, and to pre"vent the Misbehaviour of the Drivers of Carts in "Streets within the ſaid Limits." They the ſaid Commiſſioners will be ready, at their Office in Surry-ſtreet, on Monday next, and from thence every Day in the Week, except Sundays and Tueſdays, from Nine of the Clock in the Morning to Two in the Afternoon, to enter the Names and Places of Abode of the Owners of all Carts, Carrs, and Drays inhabiting within the Bills of Mortality, who ſhall apply to the ſaid Commiſſioners for that Purpoſe; and for the Sake of Diſpatch, ſuch Owners are deſired to bring in Writing their Names and Places of Abode.

South-Sea-Houſe, London, July 4, 1745.

The Court of Directors of the South-Sea-Company give Notice, That a General Court of the ſaid Company will be held at their Houſe in Threadneedle-ſtreet, on Thurſday the 18th Inſtant, at Eleven in the Forenoon, in order to the declaring a Dividend on the Trading Capital Stock of the ſaid Company for the Half Year ended at Midſummer laſt.

Briſtol, June 24, 1745.

Notice is hereby given to the Officers and Seamen that were on Board His Majeſty's Ship Portmahone, at the Taking the Petit St. Paul, and St. Louis Debonaire, that the Prize-Money due to the reſpective Claimants on thoſe Captures, will be paid to them, or their Attorneys, on Thurſday the 11th Day of July next, on Board his Majeſty's ſaid Ship if in Kingroad, or at the Warehouſe of Joſeph Iles, Eſq; behind his Houſe in Queen Square, where the Payments will continue to be made every following Thurſday, from Nine till Twelve in the Forenoon, till all is paid.

Advertiſements.

LOST on Friday the 14th of June laſt, in Norwich, a Pocket Book wherein were five Blank Tickets in the laſt State Lottery, number'd as follow, 26985, 42654, 45620, 57499, and 57500, whoever bring them, or any of them, to Mr. Thomas Tawell in Norwich, or Mr. Edmund Hammond, at his Warehouſe in Clement's Lane, Lombard-ſtreet, London, ſhall receive Half a Guinea Reward for each Ticket, and no Queſtions ask'd. N. B. They are indorſed to the ſaid Edmund Hammond; Payment is ſtopt, ſo that they are of no Uſe but to the Owner.

Dr. *ANDERSON*'s, or, The Famous *SCOTS* PILLS;

ARE faithfully prepared only by D. INGLISH, at the Unicorn, over-againſt the New Church in the Strand, London; and to prevent Counterfeits from Scotland, as well as in and about London, you are deſired to take Notice, That the true Pills have their Boxes ſealed on the Top (in black Wax) with a Lyon Rampant, and Three Mullets Argent, Dr. Anderſon's Head betwixt I. I. with his Name round it, and Iſabella Engliſh underneath the Shield in a Scroll. They are of excellent Uſe in all Caſes where Purging is neceſſary, and may be taken with Epſom, Tunbridge, or other Medicinal Waters.

TO be peremptorily Sold, purſuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before Richard Edwards, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, at his Chambers in Chancery Lane, on Wedneſday the 24th Inſtant, between Four and Six of the Clock in the Afternoon, A large well built Leaſehold Meſſuage the Corner of Prince's-ſtreet, fronting Hanover Square, ſix Rooms on a Floor, two Coach-houſes, Stables for eight Horſes, and a Piece of vacant Ground adjoining to the Stables, all held at a Pepper Corn-rent, late the Eſtate of Henry Avery, deceaſed. Particulars to be had at the ſaid Maſter's Chambers.

TO be peremptorily Sold, purſuant to an Order of the High Court of Chancery, before Thomas Bennett, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, at his Houſe in Curſitor's-ſtreet, on Friday the 26th Day of July Inſtant, between the Hours of Ten and Twelve in the Forenoon, The Freehold and Leaſehold Eſtates of Richard Barlow, late of the Pariſh of St. George Hanover Square, Gent. deceaſed, lying in Dover-ſtreet, Groſvenor-ſtreet, Davies-ſtreet, Mill-ſteet, Maddox-ſtreet, Groſvenor's Meuſe, and Green-ſtreet. Particulars may be had at the ſaid Maſter's Houſe.

TO be Sold, purſuant to a Decree of his Majeſty's Court of Exchequer, before Charles Taylor, Eſq; Deputy Remembrancer of the ſaid Court, at his Chambers in the Inner Temple, London, The Fee Simple and Inheritance of one Cloſe commonly called Head Ware Cloſe, and two other Cloſes commonly called Davy Roades, near the Town of Honiton in the County of Devon, containing in the Whole eight Acres or thereabouts, late the Eſtate of John Minifye, Baker, deceaſed. Particulars whereof may be had of the ſaid Deputy, at his Chambers aforeſaid.

THERE is to be Sold, purſuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, before Francis Eld, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, at his Chamber in Symond's Inn in Chancery Lane, London, The Eſtate of Samuel Batho, Clerk, in the Pariſh of Kirby Cane, in the County of Norfolk, conſiſting of a Dwelling Houſe, with convenient Outhouſes, and about 70 Acres of Arable and Paſture Land, of the yearly Value of 50 l. Particulars may be had at the ſaid Maſter's aforeſaid Chamber.

PUrſuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, The Creditors of Elizabeth Aiſlabie, late of the City of Lincoln, Widow, deceaſed, are forthwith to come in and prove their Debts before Anthony Allen, Eſq; one of the Maſter's of the ſaid Court, at his Houſe in Breame's Buildings, Chancery-lane, or in Default thereof they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Decree.

PUrſuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, The Creditors of Roger Lawrence, late of Rippon in the County of York, deceaſed, are forthwith to come before Robert Holford, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, at his Chambers in Symond's Inn in Chancery Lane, London, and prove their reſpective Debts, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Decree.

PUrſuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, The Creditors of Joſeph Chapman, late of London, Gentleman, are peremptorily to come in and prove their Debts before William Spicer, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, at his Chambers in Lincoln's Inn, on or before the 27th Day of July Inſtant, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Decree.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of Mr. Robert Longcroft, Merchant in Portſmouth, a Bankrupt, are hereby required forthwith to pay their Debts to Mr. Thomas Clark or Mr. George Clark, of Portſmouth, Aſſignees, or in Default thereof they will be ſued for their ſaid Debts.

THE Creditors of Thomas Setcole, of Weſt Smithfield, a Bankrupt, are deſired to meet the Aſſignees on Wedneſday next, at Four o'Clock in the Afternoon, at John's Coffee Houſe in Cornhill, to ſettle the Affairs with Captain Wilſon, and on other ſpecial Affairs.

July 5, 1745.

THE Creditors of Mr. Nicholas Olivere, are deſired to meet his Aſſignees, at the Bear and Rummer Tavern in Gerrard-ſtreet, St. Ann's, on Monday next, at Six o'Clock in the Evening.

THE Creditors who have proved their Debts under a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded againſt John Wyatt and Haſel Wyatt, late of Sudbury, in the County of Suffolk, Wool Factors and Partners, are deſired to meet their Aſſignees on Tueſday the 30th Inſtant, at Three o'Clock in the Afternoon, at the Cock in Sudbury aforeſaid, to aſſent to or diſſent from the Aſſignees commencing and proſecuting Suits at Law or in Equity for Recovery of the ſaid Bankrupts Eſtate, and to their compounding any Debts due thereto, or ſubmitting to Arbitration, or agreeing any Matters in Diſpute relating thereto, and on other ſpecial Affairs.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded againſt Anne Beale, John Beale, and Samuel Beale, late of Wribbenhall, in the County of Worceſter, Merchants and Copartners, intend to meet on Friday the 19th Day of July Inſtant, by Eight of the Clock in the Morning, at the Angel Inn in Bewdley, in the ſaid County, in order to ſettle the Demand made upon the ſaid Bankrupts Eſtate by the Aſſignees of Joſeph Beale, late of the City of Briſtol, Ironmonger; At which Time and Place, the Aſſignees of the Eſtate and Effects of the ſaid Joſeph Beale are deſired to attend the ſaid Commiſſioners with the Books of Account and other Papers of the ſaid Joſeph Beale, and the ſaid Joſeph Beale is required to attend at the ſame Time, to be examined touching the Accounts depending between him and the ſaid Anne, John, and Samuel Beale. And the Creditors as well of the ſaid Joſeph Beale, as of the ſaid Anne, John, and Samuel Beale, are deſired to meet the Aſſignees of their reſpective Eſtates, to aſſent to or diſſent from compounding the ſaid Demand made by the ſaid Aſſignees of the Eſtate of the ſaid Joſeph Beale, or ſubmitting to Arbitration or agreeing any Matters in Diſpute relating thereto, and on other ſpecial Affairs.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt Michael Hughes, late of Yarm in the County of York, Merchant, intend to meet on the 29th Day of July Inſtant, at Ten in the Forenoon, at the Houſe of Mrs. Margaret Ellis, Innholder in Yarm aforeſaid, in order to make a Second Dividend of the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate; when and where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to do the ſame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Dividend. And ſuch Perſons who have only made Claims of Debts, are alſo to come prepared to give ſufficient Proof thereof, otherwiſe they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Dividend, and of the Dividend already made of the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate. And at the ſame Time and Place, the Creditors are deſired to meet, to conſent to the Aſſignees ſubmitting any Differences or Diſputes to Arbitration, relating to Part of the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate, or to compound and agree the ſame, and on other ſpecial Affairs.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded and iſſued forth againſt John Clement, of Chelſea, in the County of Middleſex, Broker and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt, is hereby required to ſurrender himſelf to the Commiſſioners in the ſaid Commiſſion named, or the major Part of them, on the 11th and 18th of July Inſtant, and on the 17th of Auguſt next at Three in the Afternoon on each of the ſaid Days, at Guildhall, London, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the ſecond Sitting to chuſe Aſſignees, and at the laſt Sitting the ſaid Bankrupt is required to finiſh his Examination, and the Creditors are to aſſent to or diſſent from the

the Allowance of his Certificate. All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Bankrupt or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the ſame but to whom the Commiſſioners ſhall appoint.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt Richard Bacon, late of Boxford, in the County of Suffolk, Woolcomber, intend to meet on the 30th of July Inſtant, at the Houſe of Samuel Lawſell, called the Roſe and Crown Inn in Sudbury, in the ſaid County of Suffolk, at Ten in the Forenoon, in order to make a Dividend of the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate; when and where the Creditors who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to do the ſame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Dividend.

WHereas the acting Commiſſioners in the Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded againſt Joſeph Male, now or late of the City of Briſtol, Ironmonger, have certified to the Right Honourable Philip Lord Hardwicke, Baron of Hardwicke, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the ſaid Joſeph Male hath in all Things conformed himſelf according to the Directions of the ſeveral Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts: This is to give Notice, that by Virtue of an Act paſſed in the fifth Year of his preſent Majeſty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the ſaid Act directs, unleſs Cauſe be ſhewn to the contrary on or before the 27th of July Inſtant.

THE under-mentioned Perſons claiming the Benefit of the Act lately paſſed for Relief of inſolvent Debtors, the following Notices have been brought to the Printer of the London Gazette, to be inſerted in this Paper, and are herein inſerted in Obedience to the ſaid Act.

The following Perſon being a Priſoner for Debt in the County Goal or Priſon in and for the County of Carmarthen, hereby gives Notice, that he intends to take the Benefit of the late Act of Parliament made in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty intitled, An Act for the Relief of Inſolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Seſſions of the Peace to be held in and for the County of Carmarthen, or at the Adjournment thereof, which ſhall happen next after thirty Days from the Publication hereof, viz. Joſiah Baile, late of the County Borough of Carmarthen, Yeoman.

The following Perſon being a Fugitive for Debt, and beyond the Seas on or before the firſt of January 1742, and having ſurrendred himſelf to the Keeper or Goaler of his Majeſty's Court of the Palace of Rocheſter in the County of Kent, hereby gives Notice, that he intends to take the Benefit of an Act of Parliament paſſed in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty King George the Second, intitled, An Act for the Relief of Inſolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Seſſions of the Peace to be held at Rocheſter in and for the County of Kent, or at the Adjournment thereof, which ſhall happen next after Thirty Days from the Publication hereof, viz. Richard Chant, late of Guildford in the County of Surry, Hatter.

The following Perſon being a Fugitive for Debt and beyond the Seas on or before the Firſt of January, 1742, and having ſurrendred himſelf to the Keeper of Whitechappel Priſon, hereby gives Notice, that he intends to take the Benefit of an Act of Parliament paſſed in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty King George the Second, intitled, An Act for the Relief of Inſolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Seſſions of the Peace to be held for the County of Middleſex, or at the Adjournment thereof that ſhall happen next after Thirty Days from the Publication hereof, viz. William Tomkinſon, late of the Minories, London, Buckle maker.

The following Perſon being a Fugitive for Debt, and beyond the Seas on or before the firſt of January 1742, and having ſurrendred himſelf to the Goaler or Keeper of the County Goal of Surry, hereby gives Notice, that he intends to take the Benefit of the late Act of Parliament made in the Sixteenth Year of the Reign of his preſent Majeſty, entitled, An Act for the Relief of Inſolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Seſſions of the Peace to be held for the ſaid County of Surry, or at the Adjournment thereof, which ſhall happen next after Thirty Days from the Publication hereof, viz. George Round, late of the Pariſh of St. Luke in the County of Middleſex, Weaver.

The following Perſon being a Fugitive for Debt and beyond the Seas on or before the firſt of January, 1742, and having ſurrendred himſelf to the Keeper of his Majeſty's Goal at Maidſtone, in and for the County of Kent, hereby gives Notice, that he intends to take the Benefit of the late Act of Parliament made in the Sixteenth Year of his preſent Majeſty King George the Second, intitled, An Act for the Relief of Inſolvent Debtors, at the next General or Quarter Seſſions of the Peace to be held at Maidſtone in and for the ſaid County of Kent, or at the Adjournment thereof, which ſhall firſt happen next after Thirty Days from the Publication hereof, viz. William Carter, late of Wapping, Mariner.

N. B. If any Perſon in the foregoing Liſt of Priſoners ſhall find, on the Peruſal of this Gazette, that there is any Error, ſuch Error ſhall, upon Notice, be rectified in the next Gazette Gratis.

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